

















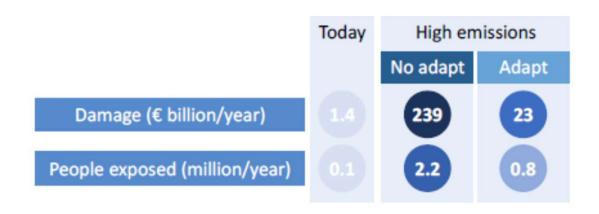
Coastal areas & climate change

- Coastal climate change hazards:
 - Sea level rise
 - Coastal floods & storm surges
 - Ocean warming/heat waves
 - Acidification
- Coastal stressors:
 - Land degradation
 - Water pollution
 - Land subsidence
 - Habitat destruction



© picture: OECD

Coastal flooding and adaptation





© picture: OECD

Adaptation leads to

- 90% reduction in damage
- 63% reduction in people exposed



The European Climate Law

- The <u>European Climate Law Regulation</u> of 30 June 2021
- Climate-neutrality objective 2050 & 55% GHG-reduction by 2030
- Towards climate-resilience by 2050
- Art.5 'Adaptation to climate change'
 - Commission and MS shall adopt adaptation strategies
 - Commission shall adopt guidelines for projects
- Art. 6 & 7 Assessment of Union and MS measures progress
 - 2023 & each 5 yrs: assess progress EU, collective and individual MS

A new EU strategy on climate adaptation

- Vision: by 2050 the EU will be a climate-resilient society, fully adapted to the unavoidable impacts of climate change
- Objectives:
 - Smarter adaptation
 - More systemic adaptation
 - Faster adaptation
 - Stepping up international action for climate resilience
- COM(2021)82 Final, 24 February 2021

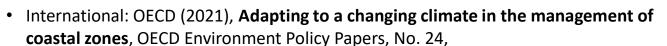


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Smarter adaptation

improving knowledge and managing uncertainty, by

- Pushing the frontiers of knowledge on adaptation
 - Horizon Europe, LIFE, Interreg, internal



- More and better climate-related risk and losses data
- Making Climate-ADAPT the authoritative European platform for adaptation knowledge





© picture: NOAA

More systemic adaptation

support policy development at all levels and sectors, by:

- Improving adaptation strategies and plans
- Fostering local, individual, and just resilience
- Integrating climate resilience in macro-fiscal policy
- Promoting nature-based solutions for adaptation



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Faster adaptation

speeding up adaptation across the board, by:

- Accelerating the rollout of adaptation solutions
- Reducing climate-related risk
- Closing the climate protection gap
- Ensuring the availability and sustainability of freshwater



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Stepping up international action

For climate resilience, by:

- Increasing support for international climate resilience and preparedness
- Scaling up international finance to build climate resilience
- Strengthen global engagement and exchanges on adaptation

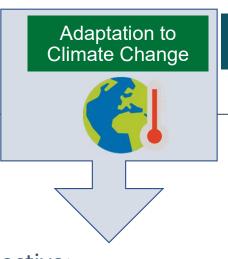


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Green Deal Missions:



Climate-neutral and Smart Cities

Restore our Ocean and Waters

Soil Deal for Europe







Objective:

Help at least 150 European regions and communities towards climate resilience by 2030

RESILIENCE -strations

upscaling solutions that trigger transformations and developing enabling conditions and solutions

ACCELERATE TRANSITION TO A RESILIENT FUTURE

150 communities and regions designing a vision and innovation pathways and developing enabling conditions and solutions

REPARE EUROPE FOR CLIMATE DISRUPTIONS Citizens, communities better understanding, preparing for and managing climate risks such as heatwaves, forest fires, droughts, floods, storms and diseases

Technical Guidance on Climate Proofing of Infrastructure

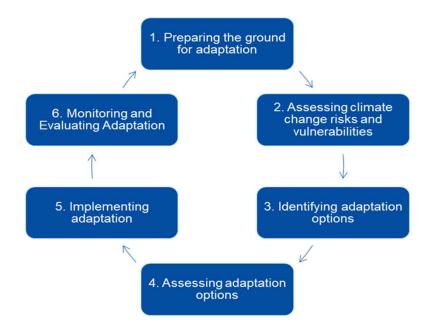
- All projects financed by the EU
- Climate mitigation & adaptation
 - Phase 1: Screening
 - Phase 2: Detailed analysis

Climate proofing means a process to

- prevent infrastructure from being vulnerable to long-term climate impacts
- while ensuring the 'energy efficiency first' principle is respected and the level of GHG emission from the project is consistent with climate neutrality objective in 2050.

Guidelines on MS' adaptation strategies and plans

- Legal framework duty to adapt
- Regular update NAS and NAP
- Adaptation policy priorities
- Regular updated CC impact and vulnerability assessment
- Stress testing of (critical) infrastructure and systems
- Sufficient personnel and financial resources
- Engagement of relevant stakeholders
- Multi-level coordination and mainstreaming
- Monitoring and evaluation of implementation of actions



Climate Action Progress Report 2023

- Climate Law reporting
- Based on reporting Member States
- Incorporation of climate adaptation in EU policy proposals
- State of implementation of the EU Adaptation Strategy
- Collective progress MS
- Ch. 5 'Climate Adaptation', Annex 10 & Staff working document on EUAS
- NECP individual MS assessment & recommendations

EU financing options

- 2021-2027 Multiannual Financial Framework
- The Recovery and Resilience Facility
- The European Regional Development Fund
- The Cohesion Fund
- The European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development
- The EU programme for the environment and climate action (LIFE)
- Research & development (Horizon Europe)

Thank you for your attention

Willem Jan Goossen, European Commission

- Willem-jan.goossen@ec.europa.eu
- https://climate.ec.europa.eu/index_en

The future of Coasts and Ports in a changing climate: needed actions and opportunities for a Sustainable Blue Economy | 7th November 2023 | Blue Economy room | Ecomondo















